

Day 2 on 5-9Simplify

$$\text{EX 7. } i^{35} = i^{34} \cdot i = -1 \cdot i = \boxed{-i}$$

$$\begin{aligned} i^{29} &= i^{28} \cdot i \\ &= 1 \cdot i = \boxed{i} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{EX 8. } (6 - 4i) + (1 + 3i) = \boxed{7 + -i} \quad \boxed{7 - i \text{ or}} \quad * \boxed{a + bi}$$

$$\text{EX 9. } (4 - 6i) - 1(1 + 3i) = \boxed{4 - 6i} - \boxed{1 - 3i} = \boxed{3 - 9i}$$

$$\text{EX 10. } \frac{5i}{(3+2i)(3-2i)} = \frac{15i - 10i^2}{9 - 6i + 6i - 4i^2} = \frac{15i + 10}{9 - 4(-1)} = \frac{15i + 10}{9 + 4}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{EX 11. } \frac{4-i}{5i} &= \frac{(4-i) - 5i}{5i - 5i} \\ &= \frac{-20i + 5i^2}{-25i^2} = \frac{-20i + 5(-1)}{-25(-1)} \\ &= \frac{-5 - 20i}{25} = \frac{-5}{25} - \frac{20i}{25} \\ &= \boxed{\frac{-1 - 4i}{5}} \quad \text{or} \quad \boxed{\frac{-1}{5} - \frac{4i}{5}} \end{aligned}$$

Solve the equation.

EX 12.  $3x^2 + 48 = 0$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{-48 - 48}{3x^2 = -48} \\ & \frac{3}{3} \\ & x^2 = -16 \\ & x = \pm\sqrt{-16} = i\sqrt{16} \\ & x = \pm 4i \end{aligned}$$

EX 13.  $5y^2 + 20 = 0$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{-20 - 20}{5y^2 = -20} \\ & \frac{5}{5} \\ & y^2 = \sqrt{-4} = i\sqrt{4} \\ & y = \pm 2i \end{aligned}$$