

$$39. \frac{d}{dx} \ln(2 - \cos x) = \frac{1}{u} \frac{du}{dx}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \ln(u) \quad u = 2 - \cos x$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = \sin x$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{\sin x}{2 - \cos x}$$

Domain of x is all real numbers.

Section 3.9 Exercises

$$1. \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{d}{dx}(2e^x) = 2e^x$$

$$3. \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{d}{dx} e^{-x} = e^{-x} \frac{d}{dx}(-x) = -e^{-x}$$

$$5. \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{d}{dx} e^{2x/3} = e^{2x/3} \frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{2x}{3} \right) = \frac{2}{3} e^{2x/3}$$

$$7. \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{d}{dx}(xe^2) - \frac{d}{dx}(e^x) = e^2 - e^x$$

$$11. \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{d}{dx} 8^x = 8^x \ln 8$$

$$13. \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{d}{dx} 3^{\csc x} = 3^{\csc x} (\ln 3) \frac{d}{dx}(\csc x)$$

$$= 3^{\csc x} (\ln 3) (-\csc x \cot x)$$

$$= -3^{\csc x} (\ln 3) (\csc x \cot x)$$

$$15. \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{d}{dx} \ln(x^2) = \frac{1}{x^2} \frac{d}{dx}(x^2) = \frac{1}{x^2} (2x) = \frac{2}{x}$$

$$17. \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{d}{dx} \ln(x^{-1}) = \frac{d}{dx} (-\ln x) = -\frac{1}{x}, x > 0$$

$$19. \frac{d}{dx} \ln(\ln x) = \frac{1}{\ln x} \frac{d}{dx} \ln x = \frac{1}{\ln x} \cdot \frac{1}{x} = \frac{1}{x \ln x}$$

$$21. \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{d}{dx} (\log_4 x^2) = \frac{d}{dx} \frac{\ln x^2}{\ln 4} = \frac{d}{dx} \left[\left(\frac{2}{\ln 4} \right) (\ln x) \right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{\ln 4} \cdot \frac{1}{x} = \frac{2}{x \ln 4} = \frac{1}{x \ln 2}$$

$$23. \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{d}{dx} \log_2 \left(\frac{1}{x} \right) = \frac{d}{dx} (-\log_2 x) = -\frac{1}{x \ln 2}, x > 0$$

$$29. m = 5$$

$$y = 3^x + 1$$

$$y' = 3^x \ln 3 = 5$$

$$x = 1.379$$

$$y = 3^{1.379} + 1 = 5.551$$

$$(1.379, 5.551)$$

$$37. \frac{d}{dx} \ln(x+2) = \frac{1}{u} \frac{du}{dx}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \ln(u) \quad u = x+2$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{x+2} \frac{du}{dx} = 1$$

$$x+2 > 0$$

$$x > -2$$