

## Algebra 10-3 Multiplying a Polynomial by a Monomial

## Warm-Up

Remember

$$x^m \cdot x^n = x^{m+n}$$

$$(x^m)^n = x^{mn}$$

Multiply.

1.  $\underline{-6x^2} \cdot \underline{3x^3}$

$$-18x^2x^3$$

$$\boxed{-18x^5}$$

2.  $-5x^4 \cdot 3x^3$

$$-15x^4 \cdot x^3$$

$$\boxed{-15x^7}$$

3.  $\underline{3x^2} \cdot \underline{4x^4} \cdot \underline{-xy}$

$$-12x^2 \cdot x^4 \cdot x^1 y$$

$$\boxed{-12x^7 y}$$

4. Give an example of the distributive property.

A)  $2(3x - 2) = 6x - 4$

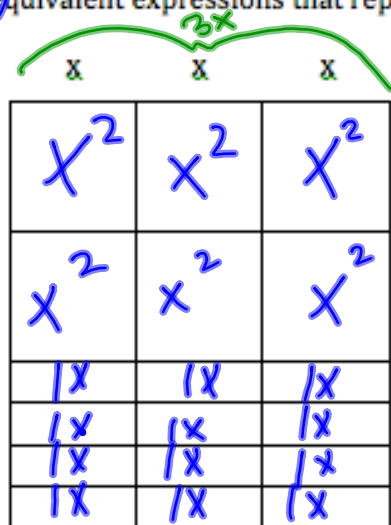
B)  $2x^2(3x^2 - 2) = 6x^4 - 4x^2$

## Algebra 10-3 Multiplying a Polynomial by a Monomial

### Examples

~~\*~~ Test!

1. Give 2 equivalent expressions that represent the area of this figure.



$$6x^2 + 12x = 3x(2x + 4)$$

$$A = l \times w$$

2. Simplify

a.  $2y(4y - 6)$

$$8y^2 - 12y$$

b.  $-2x^2(3x^3 - 4x + 5)$

$$-6x^5 + 8x^3 - 10x^2$$

$x^2 \cdot x^1 = x^3$

c.  $4x(5x^2 - x) - 3x$

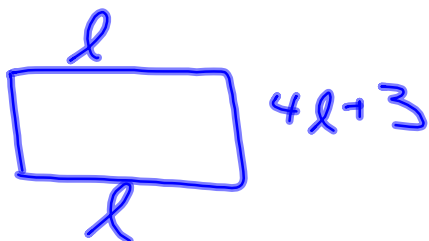
$$20x^3 - 4x^2 - 3x$$

d.  $4b(6b + 3) + a(2a - 4)$

$$24b^2 + 12b - 2a^2 + 4a$$

$-1a \cdot -4$

3. Suppose the length of a rectangle is  $l$  ft. Write 2 equivalent expressions for the area if the rectangle's width is 3 ft. more than 4 times the length.



$$A = l \cdot w$$

$$A = l(4l + 3)$$

$$l(4l + 3) = 4l^2 + 3l$$

10-3 #'s 1-23, skip 7 & 13