

Algebra 11-5 Solving Systems by Multiplication**Warm-Up**

Solve.

1. $2x + 3 = 7$

$$\begin{array}{r} -3 -3 \\ \hline 2x = 4 \\ \hline 2 \quad 2 \\ x = 2 \end{array}$$

2. $4x + 6 = 14$

$$\begin{array}{r} -6 -6 \\ \hline 4x = 8 \\ \hline 4 \quad 4 \\ x = 2 \end{array}$$

3. What do you notice about the equations you just solved?

Same Solution

$$\begin{aligned} 2(2x+3 &= 7) \\ 4x+6 &= 14 \end{aligned}$$

Algebra 11-5 Solving Systems by Multiplication

Goal: To have opposite coefficients in front of the same variable. Then, add the equations together to eliminate a variable.

Examples

Solve each system of equation.

$$\begin{array}{l} -3 \\ \hline 1. \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 5x + 2y = 11 \\ x + 6y = 19 \end{array} \right. \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{\begin{array}{l} 1, 3 \\ x, 5 \end{array}}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -15x - 6y = -33 \\ 1x + 6y = 19 \\ \hline -14x = -14 \end{array}$$

$$x = 1$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5x + 2y = 11 \\ 5 \cdot 1 + 2y = 11 \\ 5 + 2y = 11 \\ -5 \quad \cancel{-5} \\ \hline 2y = 6 \\ 2 \quad 2 \\ y = 3 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} a \ b \\ (-3, 0) \\ \hline 2. \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 5a + 3b = -15 \\ a + .5b = -3 \end{array} \right. \\ -5 \\ \hline 5a + 3b = -15 \\ -5a - 2.5b = 15 \\ \hline .5b = 0 \\ .5 \quad .5 \\ b = 0 \end{array}$$

Assignment: 11-5 #'s 9-16, 18, 20

$$\begin{array}{r} 5a + 3b = -15 \\ 5a + 3(0) = -15 \\ 5a = -15 \\ \hline 5 \quad 5 \quad a = -3 \end{array}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} 4 \\ 9.5 \\ \hline \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} 5x + y = 30 \\ 3x - 4y = 41 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 20x + 4y = 120 \\ 3x - 4y = 41 \\ \hline 23x = 161 \end{array}$$

$$(7, -5)$$

$$x = 7$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5x + y = 30 \\ 5 \cdot 7 + y = 30 \\ \hline -35 + y = -35 \\ \hline y = -5 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 12 \cdot 7 \left[\begin{array}{l} 6m - 7n = 6 \\ 7m - 8n = 15 \end{array} \right] \\
 -6 \left[\begin{array}{l} 6m - 7n = 6 \\ 7m - 8n = 15 \end{array} \right] \\
 \hline
 \begin{array}{r} 42m - 49n = 42 \\ -42m + 48n = -90 \\ \hline -1n = -48 \\ n = 48 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

$\frac{6m - 7n}{6} = \frac{6}{6}$
 $6m - 7(48) = 6$
 $6m - 336 = 6$
 $+336 + 336$
 \hline
 $\frac{6m}{6} = \frac{342}{6}$ $m = 57$

$(\overset{m}{57}, \overset{n}{48})$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10. \quad 4a + b = 38 \\ 2a + 3b = 24 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{matrix} (9, 2) \\ a \quad b \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -12a + -3b = -114 \\ 2a + 3b = 24 \\ \hline -10a = -90 \\ a = 9 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2(9) + 3b = 24 \\ 18 + 3b = 24 \\ -18 \\ \hline 3b = 6 \\ b = 2 \end{array}$$