

### 4.1 Extreme Values of Functions

Absolute = Global

Local = Relative

Extreme Values (Maximums and Minimums)

Occur at: 1. Critical Points OR 2. Endpoints

#### Critical Points

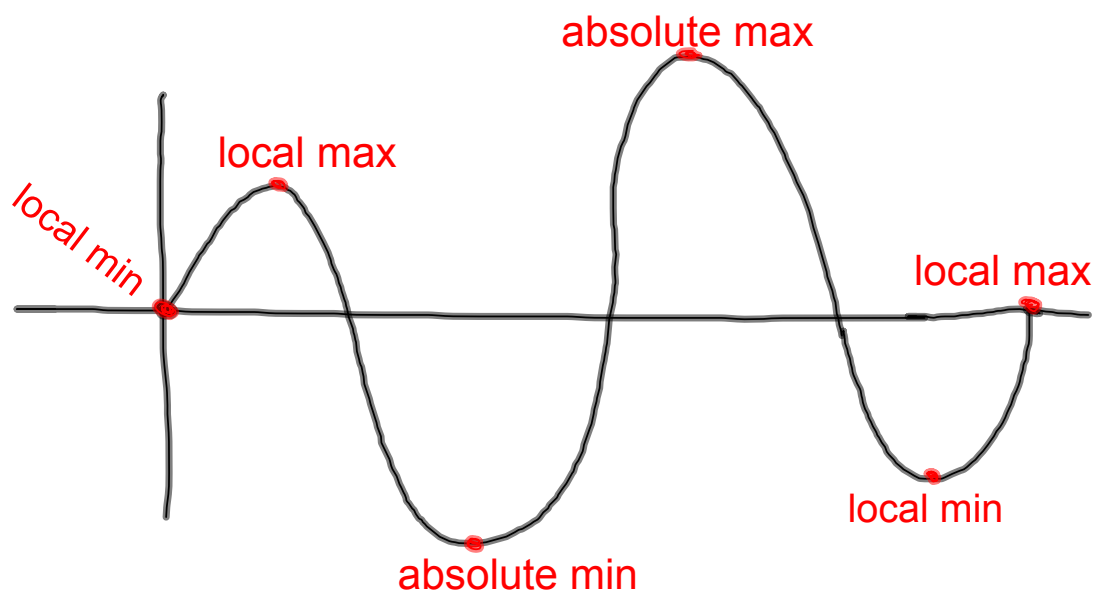
1.  $f'(x) = 0$
2.  $f'(x) = \text{undefined}$
3. Endpoints (May or may not exist)

#### Absolute Extrema

Highest / Lowest  
on entire graph

#### Local Extrema

Highest / Lowest  
compared to points on  
each side



$$\text{Ex 1) } y = x^2 + 1$$

$$-2 \leq x \leq 2$$

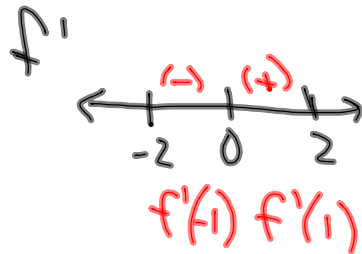
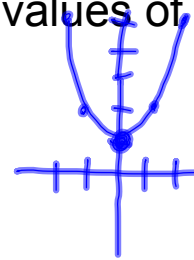
Find the maximum and minimum values of the function.

$$\textcircled{1} f' = 0 \quad y' = 2x \quad 2x = 0$$

$$x = 0$$

$$\textcircled{2} f' = \text{undefined} \quad \text{Never}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \text{Endpoints } x = -2 \quad x = 2$$



$$\begin{aligned} x=0 \quad y=1 \quad \text{Abs. Min} \\ x=2 \quad y=5 \quad \text{Abs. Max} \\ x=-2 \quad y=5 \quad \text{Abs. Max} \end{aligned}$$

$$y = x^2 + 1$$

What is the minimum value? (y-value)

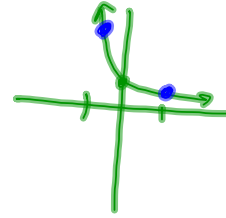
$$y = 1$$

Where does the minimum occur? (x-value)

$$x = 0$$

Ex 2)  $y = e^{-x}$

$-1 \leq x \leq 1$



Find the maximum and minimum values of the function.

①  $f' = 0$   $y' = -e^{-x}$   $-e^{-x} = 0$  **Never**

②  $f' = \text{undefined}$

③ Endpoints  $y' = -\frac{1}{e^x}$  **Never**

$x = -1$   $x = 1$



$x = 1, y = \frac{1}{e}$  Abs Min  
 $x = -1, y = e$  Abs Max

Ex 3)  $y = \sqrt{4 - x^2} = (4 - x^2)^{1/2}$   $x^2 + y^2 = 4$

Find the maximum and minimum values of the function.

①  $f' = 0$   $y' = \frac{1}{2}(4 - x^2)^{-1/2} \cdot -2x = -\frac{x}{\sqrt{4 - x^2}} = 0$   $x = 0$

②  $f' = \text{undefined}$   $4 - x^2 = 0$   $x = 2, x = -2$

③ Endpoints

$4 - x^2 \geq 0$

$x^2 \leq 4$

$-2 \leq x \leq 2$



$f(x) = +$   
 $f(x) = -$

Abs Max  
 $x = 0, y = 2$

Abs Min  
 $x = 2, y = 0$   
 $x = -2, y = 0$

Ex 4)  $y = \sec x$

$y = \frac{1}{\cos x}$

$$\frac{-\pi}{2} \leq x \leq \frac{3\pi}{2}$$



Find the maximum and minimum values of the function.

$$(-1, 0) \oplus (1, 0)$$

$$\textcircled{1} f' = 0 \quad y' = \sec x \tan x = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{\cos x} \cdot \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} = 0$$

$$\sin x = 0$$

$$\textcircled{2} f' = \text{undefined}$$

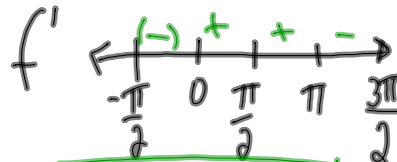
$$x = 0, \pi$$

$$\cos x = 0$$

$$x = -\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2}$$

$\textcircled{3}$  Endpoints

$$x = -\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2}$$



$$\begin{array}{l} x=0 \text{ min } y=1 \\ x=\pi \text{ max } y=-1 \end{array}$$