

## Differentiation - Power, Constant, and Sum Rules

Date

Period

Differentiate each function with respect to  $x$ .

1)  $y = 5$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

2)  $f(x) = 5x^{18}$

$$f'(x) = 5 \cdot 18 x^{17} = 90x^{17}$$

3)  $y = 4x^5 + x$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 20x^4 + 1$$

4)  $f(x) = 4x^4 - 5x - 3$

$$f'(x) = 16x^3 - 5$$

5)  $y = 3x^{\frac{5}{4}}$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 3 \cdot \frac{5}{4} x^{\frac{1}{4}} = \frac{15}{4} x^{\frac{1}{4}}$$

6)  $y = \frac{5}{4}x^{\frac{2}{3}}$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{5}{4} \cdot \frac{2}{3} x^{-\frac{1}{3}} = \frac{10}{12x^{\frac{1}{3}}} = \frac{5}{6x^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

7)  $y = -4x^{-5}$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 20x^{-6} = \frac{20}{x^6}$$

8)  $y = \frac{3}{x^3} = 3x^{-3}$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -9x^{-4} = \frac{-9}{x^4}$$

9)  $y = x^{\frac{2}{3}}$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2}{3} x^{-\frac{1}{3}} = \frac{2}{3x^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

10)  $f(x) = -2\sqrt[4]{x} = -2x^{\frac{1}{4}}$

$$f'(x) = -2 \cdot \frac{1}{4} x^{-\frac{3}{4}}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2x^{\frac{3}{4}}}$$

$$11) y = \frac{2}{3}x^4 + 5x - x^{-3}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{8}{3}x^3 + 5 + 3x^{-4}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{8}{3}x^3 + 5 + \frac{3}{x^4}$$

$$12) y = -\frac{1}{2}x^4 + 3x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 2x$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -2x^3 + 5x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 2$$

Differentiate each function with respect to the given variable.

$$13) y = -3r^5 - 5r^2$$

$$\frac{dr}{dy} = -15r^4 - 10r$$

$$14) f(s) = -\frac{3}{s^2} - \frac{4}{s^4} = -3s^{-2} - 4s^{-4}$$

$$f'(s) = 6s^{-3} + 16s^{-5}$$

$$f'(s) = \frac{6}{s^3} + \frac{16}{s^5}$$

$$15) f(x) = \frac{2}{3}x^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{3}{4}x^{\frac{3}{5}}$$

$$f'(x) = x^{\frac{1}{2}} - \frac{9}{20}x^{-\frac{2}{5}}$$

$$f'(x) = x^{\frac{1}{2}} - \frac{9}{20x^{\frac{2}{5}}}$$

$$16) h(s) = \sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt[3]{s} + \sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt[5]{s}$$

$$= \sqrt{2}s^{\frac{1}{3}} + \sqrt{2}s^{\frac{1}{5}}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}}{3}s^{-\frac{2}{3}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{5}s^{-\frac{4}{5}}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}}{3s^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{5s^{\frac{4}{5}}}$$

Differentiate each function with respect to  $x$ . Problems may contain constants  $a$ ,  $b$ , and  $c$ .

$$17) y = 5c$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

$$18) y = 4ax^{3a} - bx^{3c}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 4a \cdot 3a x^{3a-1} - b \cdot 3c x^{3c-1}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 12a^2 x^{3a-1} - 3bc x^{3c-1}$$

## Differentiation - Quotient Rule

Differentiate each function with respect to  $x$ .

1)  $y = \frac{2}{2x^4 - 5}$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(2x^4 - 5)(0) - (2)(8x^3)}{(2x^4 - 5)^2}$$

$$= \frac{-16x^3}{(2x^4 - 5)^2}$$

2)  $f(x) = \frac{2}{x^5 - 5}$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(x^5 - 5) \cdot 0 - (5x^4)(2)}{(x^5 - 5)^2}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-10x^4}{(x^5 - 5)^2}$$

3)  $f(x) = \frac{5}{4x^3 + 4}$

$$f'(x) = \frac{(4x^3 + 4)(0) - (5)(12x^2)}{(4x^3 + 4)^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{-60x^2}{(4x^3 + 4)^2}$$

4)  $y = \frac{4x^3 - 3x^2}{4x^5 - 4}$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(4x^3 - 3x^2)(20x^4 - 4) - (20x^4)(4x^3 - 3x^2)}{(4x^5 - 4)^2}$$

5)  $y = \frac{3x^4 + 2}{3x^3 - 2}$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(3x^3 - 2)(12x^3) - (3x^4 + 2)(9x^2)}{(3x^3 - 2)^2}$$

6)  $y = \frac{4x^5 + 2x^2}{3x^4 + 5}$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(3x^4 + 5)(20x^4 + 4x) - (4x^5 + 2x^2)(12x^3)}{(3x^4 + 5)^2}$$

7)  $y = \frac{4x^5 + x^2 + 4}{5x^2 - 2}$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(5x^2 - 2)(20x^4 + 2x) - (4x^5 + x^2 + 4)(10x)}{(5x^2 - 2)^2}$$

8)  $y = \frac{3x^4 + 5x^3 - 5}{2x^4 - 4}$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(2x^4 - 4)(12x^3 + 15x^2) - (3x^4 + 5x^3 - 5)(8x^3)}{(2x^4 - 4)^2}$$

$$9) y = \frac{x^3 - x^2 - 3}{x^5 + 3}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(x^5 + 3)(3x^2 - 2x) - (x^3 - x^2 - 3)(5x^4)}{(x^5 + 3)^2}$$

$$10) y = \frac{x^4 + 6}{3 - 4x^{-4}}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(3 - 4x^{-4})(4x^3) - (x^4 + 6)(16x^{-5})}{(3 - 4x^{-4})^2}$$

$$11) y = \frac{4x^4 - 4x^2 + 5}{\frac{5}{2x^3} + 3}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(2x^{5/3} + 3)(16x^3 - 8x) - (4x^4 - 4x^2 + 5)\left(\frac{10}{3}x^{-2/3}\right)}{(2x^{5/3} + 3)^2}$$

**Critical thinking question:**

12) A classmate claims that  $\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)' = \frac{f'}{g'}$  for any functions  $f$  and  $g$ . Show an example that proves your classmate wrong.

$$f = 4$$

$$g = 2x$$

$$\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)' = \left(\frac{4}{2x}\right)' = \frac{2x \cdot 0 - 4(2)}{(2x)^2} = \frac{-8}{4x^2} = \frac{-2}{x^2}$$

$$f' = 0$$

$$g' = 2$$

$$\frac{f'}{g'} = \frac{0}{2} = 0$$

Not equal!

## Differentiation - Product Rule

$$v'u' + uv'$$

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Period \_\_\_\_\_

Differentiate each function with respect to  $x$ .

1)  $y = -x^3(3x^4 - 2)$

$$y' = (3x^4 - 2)(-3x^2) + (-x^3)(12x^3)$$

2)  $f(x) = x^2(-3x^2 - 2)$

$$f'(x) = (-3x^2 - 2)(2x) + x^2(-6x)$$

3)  $y = (-2x^4 - 3)(-2x^2 + 1)$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = (-2x^2 + 1)(-8x^3) + (-2x^4 - 3)(-4x)$$

4)  $f(x) = (2x^4 - 3)(x^2 + 1)$

$$f'(x) = (x^2 + 1)(8x^3) + (2x^4 - 3)(2x)$$

5)  $f(x) = (5x^5 + 5)(-2x^5 - 3)$

$$f'(x) = (-2x^5 - 3)(25x^4) + (5x^5 + 5)(-10x^4)$$

6)  $f(x) = (-3 + x^{-3})(-4x^3 + 3)$

$$f'(x) = (-4x^3 + 3)(-3x^{-4}) + (-3 + x^{-3})(-12x^2)$$

7)  $y = (-2x^4 + 5x^2 + 4)(-3x^2 + 2)$

$$y' = (-3x^2 + 2)(-8x^3 + 10x) + (-2x^4 + 5x^2 + 4)(-6x)$$

8)  $y = (x^4 + 3)(-4x^5 + 5x^4 + 5)$

$$y' = (-4x^5 + 5x^4 + 5)(4x^3) + (x^4 + 3)(-20x^4 + 20x^3)$$

$$9) y = (5x^4 - 3x^2 - 1)(-5x^2 + 3)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = (-5x^2 + 3)(20x^3 - 6x) + (5x^4 - 3x^2 - 1)(-10x)$$

$$10) f(x) = (-10x^2 - 7\sqrt[5]{x^2} + 9)(2x^3 + 4)$$

$$f'(x) = (2x^3 + 4)\left(-20x - \frac{14}{5}x^{-3/5} + 9\right) + (-10x^2 - 7\sqrt[5]{x^2} + 9)(6x^2)$$

$$11) y = (5 + 3x^{-2})(4x^5 + 6x^3 + 10)$$

$$y' = (4x^5 + 6x^3 + 10)(-6x^{-3}) + (5 + 3x^{-2})(20x^4 + 18x^2)$$

$$12) y = (-6x^4 + 2 + 6x^{-4})(6x^4 + 7)$$

$$y' = (6x^4 + 7)(-24x^3 - 24x^{-5}) + (-6x^4 + 2 + 6x^{-4})(24x^3)$$

$$13) f(x) = (-7x^4 + 10x^{2/5} + 8)(x^2 + 10)$$

$$f'(x) = (x^2 + 10)(-28x^3 + 4x^{-3/5}) + (-7x^4 + 10x^{2/5} + 8)(2x)$$

### Critical thinking question:

14) A classmate claims that  $(f \cdot g)' = f' \cdot g'$  for any functions  $f$  and  $g$ . Show an example that proves your classmate wrong.

$$f = 2x$$

$$(f \cdot g)' = (2x \cdot 4)' = (8x)' = 8$$

$$g = 4$$

$$f' \cdot g' = 2 \cdot 0 = 0 \leftarrow \text{Not equal}$$