

Volume of a Solid

The volume of a solid can be found by finding the sum of the area of the cross sections.

$$V = \int_a^b A(x) dx.$$

How to Find Volume by Slicing

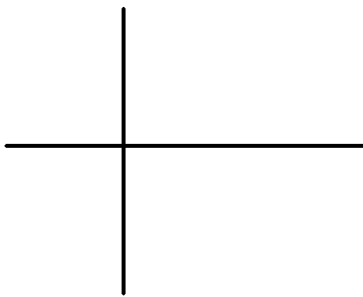
1. Sketch the solid and a typical cross section.
2. Find a formula for the area of the cross section.
3. Find the bounds of integration.
4. Integrate $A(x)$ to find volume.

Solids of Revolution

- Formed when a curve or region is revolved around a line.
- The cross section of a solid of revolution is circular.
- These cross sections are either in the shape of a disc or a washer (donut!!!).

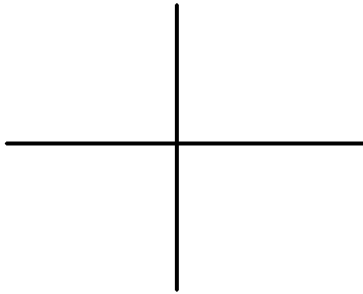
Find the volume of the solid generated by revolving the region bounded by the lines and curves about the line $y = 5$.

$$y=2x \quad x=2 \quad y=0$$



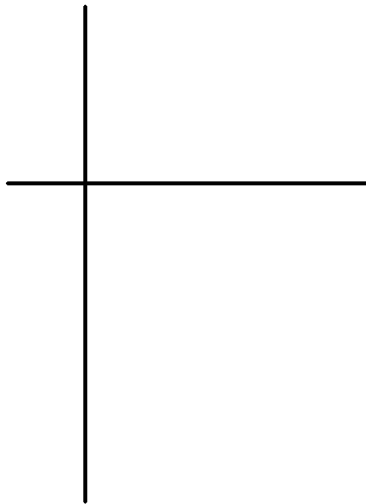
Find the volume of the solid generated by revolving the region bounded by the lines and curves about the line y -axis.

$$y=2x \quad x=2 \quad y=0$$



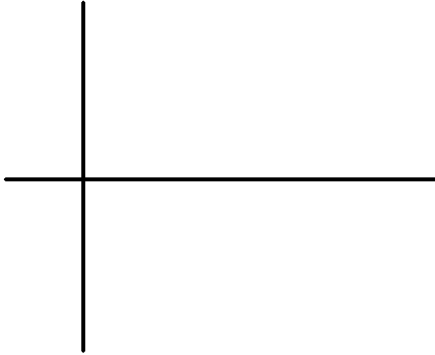
Find the volume of the solid generated by revolving the region bounded by the lines and curves about the line $y = -2$.

$$y=x^2 \quad y=0 \quad x=3$$



Find the volume of the solid generated by revolving the region bounded by the lines and curves about the line $x = 4$.

$$y = x^2 \quad y = 0 \quad x = 3$$



Find the volume of the solid generated by revolving the region bounded by the lines and curves about the line $y = -1$.

$$y = 4 - x^2 \quad y = 2 - x$$

