Day 2 on 11-3
Definition of a Derivative: This is the formula for the slope of the tangent line to the graph of $f$, provided the limit exists.

$$
f^{\prime}(x)=\lim _{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h)-f(x)}{h}
$$



Ex 1) Find the derivative of $f(x)=3 x^{2}-2 x$.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& f^{\prime}(x)=\frac{3(x+h)^{2}-2(x+h)-\left(3 x^{2}-2 x\right)}{h} \\
& =\frac{3\left(x^{2}+2 x h+h^{2}\right)-2 x-2 h-3 x^{2}+8 x}{h} \\
& =\frac{3 x^{2}+6 x h+3 h^{2}-2 h-3 x^{2}}{h}=\frac{3 h^{2}+6 x h-2 h}{h} \\
& =\frac{(3 h+6 x-2)}{h}=\lim _{h \rightarrow 0} 3 h+6 x-2=3(0)+6 x-2 \\
& f^{-(x)}=6 x-2
\end{aligned}
$$

Ex 2) $f(x)=\sqrt{x .}$. Find $f^{\prime}(x)$ and the slope of the graph at points $(1,1)$ and $(4,2)$.


